Package 'ontoProc'

October 17, 2020

Title processing of ontologies of anatomy, cell lines, and so on

Description Support harvesting of diverse bioinformatic ontologies,
    making particular use of the ontologyIndex package on CRAN.
    We provide snapshots of key ontologies for terms about
    cells, cell lines, chemical compounds, and anatomy, to help
    analyze genome-scale experiments, particularly cell x compound
    screens. Another purpose is to strengthen development of
    compelling use cases for richer interfaces to emerging ontologies.

Version 1.10.1

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Imports Biobase, S4Vectors, methods, AnnotationDbi, stats, utils,
    shiny, graph, Rgraphviz, ontologyPlot, dplyr, magrittr, DT

Suggests knitr, org.Hs.eg.db, org.Mm.eg.db, testthat, BiocStyle,
    SingleCellExperiment, SingleR

Depends R (>= 3.5), ontologyIndex

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LazyData yes

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R topics documented:

---

allGOterms   *allGOterms: data.frame with ids and terms*

Description

allGOterms: data.frame with ids and terms

Usage

    allGOterms

Format

data.frame instance

Source

This is a snapshot of all the terms available from GO.db (3.4.2), August 2017, using keys(GO.db, keytype="TERM").

Examples

```
head(ontoProc::allGOterms)
```

---

bind_formal_tags	*add mapping from informal to formal cell type tags to a Summarized-Experiment colData*

Description

add mapping from informal to formal cell type tags to a SummarizedExperiment colData

Usage

```
bind_formal_tags(se, informal, tagmap, force = FALSE)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment instance
informal	character(1) name of colData element with uncontrolled vocabulary
tagmap	data.frame with columns 'informal' and 'formal'
force	logical(1), defaults to FALSE; if TRUE, allows clobbering existing colData variable named "formal"

Value

SummarizedExperiment instance with a new colData column 'label.ont' giving the formal tags associated with each sample

Note

This function will fail if the value of 'informal' is not among the colData variable names, or if "formal" is among the colData variable names.

| c,TermSet-method | *combine TermSet instances* |

Description

combine TermSet instances

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TermSet'
c(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| x | TermSet instance |
| ... | additional instances |

Value

TermSet instance

| cellTypeToGO | *utilities for approximate matching of cell type terms to GO categories and annotations* |

Description

utilities for approximate matching of cell type terms to GO categories and annotations

Usage

```
cellTypeToGO(celltypeString, gotab, ...)

cellTypeToGenes(
  celltypeString,
  gotab,
  orgDb,
  cols = c("ENSEMBL", "SYMBOL"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

celltypeString	character atom to be used to search GO terms using
gotab	a data.frame with columns GO (goids) and TERM (term strings) agrep
...	additional arguments to agrep
orgDb	instances of orgDb
cols	columns to be retrieved in select operation

Value

data.frame

data.frame

Note

Very primitive, uses agrep to try to find relevant terms.

Examples

```
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
head(cellTypeToGO("serotonergic neuron", ontoProc::allGOterms))
head(cellTypeToGenes("serotonergic neuron", ontoProc::allGOterms, org.Hs.eg.db))
```

---

cleanCLOnames   *obtain named character vector of terms from Cell Line Ontology, omitting obsolete and trailing 'cell'*

Description

obtain named character vector of terms from Cell Line Ontology, omitting obsolete and trailing 'cell'

Usage

```
cleanCLOnames()
```

Value

character()

Examples

```
cleanCLOnames()[1:10]
```

CLfeats   *produce a data.frame of features relevant to a Cell Ontology class*

Description

produce a data.frame of features relevant to a Cell Ontology class

Usage

```
CLfeats(ont, tag = "CL:0001054")
```

Arguments

ont	instance of ontologyIndex ontology
tag	character(1) a CL: class tag

Value

a data.frame instance

Note

This function will look in the intersection_of and has_part, lacks_part components of the CL entry to find properties asserted of or inherited by the cell type identified in 'tag'

Examples

```
cl = getCellOnto()
pr = getPROnto()
go = getGeneOnto()
CLfeats(cl, tag="CL:0001054")
```

---

common_classes   *list and count samples with common ontological annotation in two SEs*

Description

list and count samples with common ontological annotation in two SEs

Usage

```
common_classes(ont, se1, se2)
```

Arguments

ont	instance of ontologyIndex ontology
se1	a SummarizedExperiment using 'label.ont' in colData to provide ontological tags (from 'ont') for samples
se2	a SummarizedExperiment using 'label.ont' in colData to provide ontological tags (from 'ont') for samples

Value

a data.frame with rownames given by the common tags, the class names as column 'clname', and counts of samples bearing the given tags in remaining columns.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("SingleR")) {
  imm = SingleR::ImmGenData()
  if ("label.ont" %in% names(colData(imm))) {
    cl = getCellOnto()
    blu = SingleR::BlueprintEncodeData()
    common_classes( cl, imm, blu )
    }
  }
```

---

connect_classes	*connect ontological categories between related, annotated SummarizedExperiments*

Description

connect ontological categories between related, annotated SummarizedExperiments

Usage

```
connect_classes(ont, se1, se2)
```

Arguments

ont	an ontologyIndex ontology instance
se1	SummarizedExperiment instance with 'label.ont' among colData columns
se2	SummarizedExperiment instance with 'label.ont' among colData columns

Value

a list with two sublists mapping from terms in one SE to descendant terms in the other SE

---

ctmarks	*app to review molecular properties of cell types via cell ontology*

Description

app to review molecular properties of cell types via cell ontology

Usage

```
ctmarks(cl)
```

Arguments

cl	an import of a Cell Ontology (or extended Cell Ontology) in ontology_index form

Value

a data.frame with features for selected cell types

Note

Prototype of harvesting of cell ontology by searching has_part, has_plasma_membrane_part, intersection_of and allied ontology relationships. Uses shiny. Can perform better if getPROnto() and getGeneOnto() values are in .GlobalEnv as pr and go respectively.

cyclicSigset	*as in Bakken et al. (2017 PMID 29322913) create gene signatures for k cell types, each of which fails to express all but one gene in a set of k genes*

Description

as in Bakken et al. (2017 PMID 29322913) create gene signatures for k cell types, each of which fails to express all but one gene in a set of k genes

Usage

```
cyclicSigset(
  idvec,
  conds = c("hasExp", "lacksExp"),
  tags = paste0("CL:X", 1:length(idvec))
)
```

Arguments

idvec	character vector of identifiers, must have names() set to identify cells bearing genes
conds	character(2) tokens used to indicate condition to which signature element contributes
tags	character vector of cell-type identifiers; for Cell Ontology use CL: as prefix, one element for each element of idvec

Value

a long data.frame

Examples

```
sigels = c("CL:X01"="GRIK3", "CL:X02"="NTNG1", "CL:X03"="BAGE2",
      "CL:X04"="MC4R", "CL:X05"="PAX6", "CL:X06"="TSPAN12", "CL:X07"="hSHISA8",
    "CL:X08"="SNCG", "CL:X09"="ARHGEF28", "CL:X10"="EGF")
sigdf = cyclicSigset(sigels)
head(sigdf)
```

demoApp	*demonstrate the use of makeSelectInput*

Description

demonstrate the use of makeSelectInput

Usage

```
demoApp()
```

Value

Run only for side effect of starting a shiny app.

Examples

```
  if (interactive()) {
require(shiny)
print(demoApp())
}
```

---

dropStop	*dropStop is a utility for removing certain words from text data*

Description

dropStop is a utility for removing certain words from text data

Usage

```
dropStop(x, drop, lower = TRUE, splitby = " ")
```

Arguments

x	character vector of strings to be cleaned
drop	character vector of words to scrub
lower	logical, if TRUE, x converted with tolower
splitby	character, used with strsplit to tokenize x

Value

a list with one element per input string, split by " ", with elements in drop removed

Examples

```
data(minicorpus)
minicorpus[1:3]
dropStop(minicorpus)[1:3]
```

| fastGrep | *some fields of interest are lists, and grep per se should not be used –* |
| | *this function checks and uses grep within vapply when appropriate* |

Description

some fields of interest are lists, and grep per se should not be used – this function checks and uses grep within vapply when appropriate

Usage

```
fastGrep(patt, onto, field, ...)
```

Arguments

patt	a regular expression whose presence in field should be checked
onto	an ontologyIndex instance
field	the ontologyIndex component to be searched
...	passed to grep

Value

logical vector indicating vector or list elements where a match is found

Examples

```
cheb = getChebiOnto()
ind = fastGrep("17-AAG", cheb, "synonym")
cheb$name[ind]
```

| getCellOnto | *load ontologies that may include non-ascii strings and therefore can-* |
| | *not be in data folder* |

Description

load ontologies that may include non-ascii strings and therefore cannot be in data folder

Usage

```
getCellOnto(useNew = TRUE)

getCellLineOnto()

getEFOOnto()

getChebiLite()

getCellosaurusOnto()
```

```
getUBERON_NE()
```

```
getChebiOnto()
```

```
getOncotreeOnto()
```

```
getDiseaseOnto()
```

```
getGeneOnto()
```

```
getHCAOnto()
```

```
getPROnto()
```

```
getPATOnto()
```

Arguments

useNew   logical(1) only for getCellOnto if TRUE cell ontology of July 2018, otherwise
                use legacy

Value

instance of ontology_index (S3) from ontologyIndex

instance of ontology_index (S3) from ontologyIndex

Note

Provenance information is kept in the form of excerpts of top records in 'dir(system.file("obo", package="ontoProc"), full=TRUE)'

getChebiOnto loads ontoRda/chebi_full.rda

getOncotreeOnto loads ontoRda/oncotree.rda

getDiseaseOnto loads ontoRda/diseaseOnto.rda

getHCAOnto loads ontoRda/hcaOnto.rda produced from hcao.owl at https://github.com/HumanCellAtlas/ontology/releas 2/11/2019, python pronto was used to convert OWL to OBO.

getPROnto loads ontoRda/PRonto.rda, produced from http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/pr.obo 'reasoned' ontology from OBO foundry, 02-08-2019. In contrast to other ontologies, this is imported via get_OBO with 'extract_tags='minimal''.

getPATOnto loads ontoRda/patoOnto.rda, produced from https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pato-ontology/pato/master/pato.obo from OBO foundry, 02-08-2019.

Examples

```
co = getCellOnto(useNew=TRUE)
co
clo = getCellLineOnto()
length(clo$id)
che = getChebiLite()
length(che$id)
efo = getEFOOnto()
length(efo$id)
```

getLeavesFromTerm *obtain childless descendents of a term (including query)*

Description

obtain childless descendents of a term (including query)

Usage

```
getLeavesFromTerm(x, ont)
```

Arguments

x   a character(1) id element for ontology_index instance

ont   an ontology_index instance as defined in ontologyIndex package

Value

character vector of 'leaves' of ontology tree

Examples

```
ch = getChebiOnto()
alldr = getLeavesFromTerm("CHEBI:23888", ch)
head(ch$name[alldr[1:15]])
```

humrna *humrna: a data.frame of SRA metadata related to RNA-seq in humans*

Description

humrna: a data.frame of SRA metadata related to RNA-seq in humans

Usage

```
humrna
```

Format

data.frame

Note

arbitrarily chosen from RNA-seq studies for taxon 9606

Source

NCBI SRA

Examples

```
data(humrna)
names(humrna)
head(humrna[,1:5])
```

---

improveNodes	*inject linefeeds for node names for graph, with textual annotation from ontology*

Description

inject linefeeds for node names for graph, with textual annotation from ontology

Usage

```
improveNodes(g, ont)
```

Arguments

g	graphNEL instance
ont	instance of ontology from ontologyIndex

---

ldfToTerms	*use output of cyclicSigset to generate a series of character vectors constituting OBO terms*

Description

use output of cyclicSigset to generate a series of character vectors constituting OBO terms

Usage

```
ldfToTerms(
  ldf,
  propmap,
  sigels,
  prologMaker = function(id, ...) sprintf("id: %s", id)
)
```

Arguments

ldf	a 'long format' data.frame as created by cyclicSigset
propmap	a character vector with names of elements corresponding to 'abbreviated' relationship tokens and element values corresponding to full relationship-naming strings
sigels	a named character vector associating cell types (names) to genes expressed in a cyclic set, one element per type
prologMaker	a function with arguments (id, ...), in which id is character(1), that generates a vector of strings that will be used for each cell type-specific term.

Value

a character vector, strings can be concatenated to OBO

Note

ldfToTerms is not sufficiently general to produce terms for any reasonably populated long data frame/propmap combination, but it is a working example for the cyclic set context.

Examples

```
# a set of cell types -- names are cell type token, values are genes expressed in a
# cyclic set -- each cell type expresses exactly one gene in the set and fails to
# express all the other genes in the set.  See Figs 3 and 4 of Bakken et al [PMID 29322913].
sigels = c("CL:X01"="GRIK3", "CL:X02"="NTNG1", "CL:X03"="BAGE2",
       "CL:X04"="MC4R", "CL:X05"="PAX6", "CL:X06"="TSPAN12", "CL:X07"="hSHISA8",
       "CL:X08"="SNCG", "CL:X09"="ARHGEF28", "CL:X10"="EGF")
# create the associated long data frame
ldf = cyclicSigset(sigels)
# describe the abbreviations
pmap = c("hasExp"="has_expression_of", lacksExp="lacks_expression_of")

# now define the prolog for each cell type
makeIntnProlog = function(id, ...) {
# make type-specific prologs as key-value pairs
   c(
     sprintf("id: %s", id),
     sprintf("name: %s-expressing cortical layer 1 interneuron, human", ...),
   sprintf("def: '%s-expressing cortical layer 1 interneuron, human described via RNA-seq observations' [PMID
     "is_a: CL:0000099 ! interneuron",
     "intersection_of: CL:0000099 ! interneuron")
}
tms = ldfToTerms(ldf, pmap, sigels, makeIntnProlog)
cat(tms[[1]], sep="\n")
```

---

liberalMap   *Produce a data.frame with a set of naive terms mapped to all matching ontology ids and their formal terms*

Description

Produce a data.frame with a set of naive terms mapped to all matching ontology ids and their formal terms

Usage

```
liberalMap(terms, onto, useAgrep = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

terms	character() vector, can use grep-compatible regular expressions
onto	an instance of ontologyIndex::ontology_index
useAgrep	logical(1) if TRUE, agrep will be used
...	passed to agrep if used

Value

a data.frame

Examples

```
cands = c("astrocyte$", "oligodendrocyte", "oligodendrocyte precursor",
    "neoplastic", "^neuron$", "^vascular", "badterm")
co = ontoProc::getCellOnto()
liberalMap(cands, co)
```

---

makeSelectInput *generate a selectInput control for an ontologyIndex slice*

Description

generate a selectInput control for an ontologyIndex slice

Usage

```
makeSelectInput(
  onto,
  term,
  type = "siblings",
  inputId,
  label,
  multiple = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

onto	ontologyIndex instance
term	character(1) term used as basis for term list option set in the control
type	character(1) 'siblings' or 'children', relationship to 'term' that the options will satisfy
inputId	character(1) for use in server
label	character(1) for labeling in ui
multiple	logical(1) passed to selectInput
...	additional parameters passed to selectInput

Value

a selectInput control

Examples

```
makeSelectInput
```

---

make_graphNEL_from_ontology_plot

obtain graphNEL from ontology_plot instance of ontologyPlot

Description

obtain graphNEL from ontology_plot instance of ontologyPlot

Usage

```
make_graphNEL_from_ontology_plot(x)
```

Arguments

x   instance of S3 class ontology_plot

Value

instance of S4 graphNEL class

Examples

```
requireNamespace("Rgraphviz")
requireNamespace("graph")
cl = getCellOnto()
cl3k = c("CL:0000492", "CL:0001054", "CL:0000236", "CL:0000625",
    "CL:0000576", "CL:0000623", "CL:0000451", "CL:0000556")
p3k = ontologyPlot::onto_plot(cl, cl3k)
gnel = make_graphNEL_from_ontology_plot(p3k)
gnel = improveNodes(gnel, cl)
graph::graph.par(list(nodes=list(shape="plaintext", cex=.8)))
gnel = Rgraphviz::layoutGraph(gnel)
Rgraphviz::renderGraph(gnel)
```

---

map2prose   *use prose terminology with output of connect_classes*

Description

use prose terminology with output of connect_classes

Usage

```
map2prose(x, cl)
```

Arguments

x   a component of connect_classes output
cl   an ontologyIndex ontology instance

Value

a decorated list

---

mapOneNaive *use grep or agrep to find a match for a naive token into ontology*

Description

use grep or agrep to find a match for a naive token into ontology

Usage

```
mapOneNaive(naive, onto, useAgrep = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

naive	character(1)
onto	an instance of ontologyIndex::ontology_index
useAgrep	logical(1) if TRUE, agrep will be used
...	passed to agrep if used

Value

if a match is found, the result of grep/agrep with value=TRUE is returned; otherwise a named NA_character_ is returned

named vector, names are ontology identifiers, values are matched strings

Examples

```
co = ontoProc::getCellOnto()
mapOneNaive("astrocyte", co)
```

---

minicorpus *minicorpus: a vector of annotation strings found in 'study title' of SRA metadata.*

Description

minicorpus: a vector of annotation strings found in 'study title' of SRA metadata.

Usage

```
minicorpus
```

Format

character vector

Note

arbitrarily chosen from titles of RNA-seq studies for taxon 9606

Source

NCBI SRA

Examples

```
data(minicorpus)
head(minicorpus)
```

| nomenCheckup | *repair nomenclature mismatches (to curated term set) in a vector of terms* |

Description

repair nomenclature mismatches (to curated term set) in a vector of terms

Usage

```
nomenCheckup(cand, namedOffic, n = 1, tagcolname = "tag", ...)
```

Arguments

cand	character vector of candidate terms
namedOffic	named character vector of curated terms, the names are regarded as tags, intended to be identifiers in curated ontologies
n	numeric(1) number of nearest neighbors to return
tagcolname	character(1) prefix used to name columns for tags in output
...	passed to [adist](#)

Value

a data.frame instance with 2n+1 columns (column 1 is candidate, remaining n pairs of columns are (term, tag) for n nearest neighbors as measured by adist.

Examples

```
candidates = c("JHH7", "HUT102", "HS739T", "NCIH716")
# the candidates are cell line names returned in the text dump from
# https://portals.broadinstitute.org/ccle/page?gene=AHR
# note that one must travel to the third nearest neighbor
# to find the match (and tag) for Hs 739.T
# in this example, we compare to cell line names in Cell Line Ontology
nomenCheckup(candidates, cleanCLOnames(), n=3, tagcolname="clo")
```

---

onto_plot2 *high-level use of graph/Rgraphviz for rendering ontology relations*

Description

high-level use of graph/Rgraphviz for rendering ontology relations

Usage

```
onto_plot2(ont, terms2use, cex = 0.8, ...)
```

Arguments

ont	instance of ontology from ontologyIndex
terms2use	character vector
cex	numeric(1) defaults to .8, supplied to Rgraphviz::graph.par
...	passed to onto_plot of ontologyPlot

Value

graphNEL instance (invisibly)

Examples

```
cl = getCellOnto()
cl3k = c("CL:0000492", "CL:0001054", "CL:0000236", "CL:0000625",
    "CL:0000576", "CL:0000623", "CL:0000451", "CL:0000556")
onto_plot2(cl, cl3k)
```

---

onto_roots *list parentless nodes in ontology_index instance*

Description

list parentless nodes in ontology_index instance

Usage

```
onto_roots(x)
```

Arguments

x	an ontology_index instance

Value

a report (produced by cat()) of root ids and associated names

Examples

```
onto_roots
```

---

packDesc2019 *packDesc2019: overview of ontoProc resources*

Description

packDesc2019: overview of ontoProc resources

Usage

```
packDesc2019
```

Format

data.frame instance

Note

Brief survey of functions available to load serialized ontology_index instances imported from OBO.

Examples

```
head(packDesc2019)
```

PROSYM *PROSYM: HGNC symbol synonyms for PR (protein ontology) entries identified in Cell Ontology*

Description

PROSYM: HGNC symbol synonyms for PR (protein ontology) entries identified in Cell Ontology

Usage

```
PROSYM
```

Format

data.frame instance

Note

This is a snapshot of the synonyms component of an extract_tags='everything' import of PR. The 'EXACT.*PRO-short.*:DNx' pattern is used to retrieve HGNC symbols. See ?getPROnto for more provenance information.

Source

OBO Foundry

Examples

```
head(ontoProc::PROSYM)
```

---

recognizedPredicates   *enumerate ontological relationships used in ontoProc utilities*

Description

enumerate ontological relationships used in ontoProc utilities

Usage

```
recognizedPredicates()
```

Value

character vector, names of elements are abbreviated tokens that may be used in code

Examples

```
head(recognizedPredicates())
```

---

secLevGen   *simple generation of children of 'choices' given as terms, returned as TermSet*

Description

simple generation of children of 'choices' given as terms, returned as TermSet

Usage

```
secLevGen(choices, ont)
```

Arguments

choices	vector of terms
ont	instance of ontology_index (S3) from ontologyIndex package

Value

TermSet instance

Examples

```
efoOnto = getEFOOnto()
secLevGen( "disease", efoOnto )
```

---

selectFromMap   *select a set of elements from a term 'map' and return a contribution to*
                             a data.frame

Description

select a set of elements from a term 'map' and return a contribution to a data.frame

Usage

```
selectFromMap(namedvec, index)
```

Arguments

namedvec	named character vector, as returned from mapOneNaive
index	numeric() or integer(), typically of length one

Value

a data.frame; if index does not inherit from numeric, a data.frame of one row with columns 'ontoid' and 'term' populated with NA_character_ is returned, otherwise a similarly named data.frame is returned with contents from the selected elements of namedvec

Examples

```
co = ontoProc::getCellOnto()
mast = mapOneNaive("astrocyte", co)
selectFromMap(mast, 1)
```

---

seur3kTab   *tabulate the basic outcome of PBMC 3K tutorial of Seurat*

Description

tabulate the basic outcome of PBMC 3K tutorial of Seurat

Usage

```
seur3kTab()
```

Value

a data.frame

Examples

```
seur3kTab()
```

---

siblings_TAG *generate a TermSet with siblings of a given term, excluding that term by default*

Description

generate a TermSet with siblings of a given term, excluding that term by default

acquire the label of an ontology subject tag

acquire the labels of children of an ontology subject tag

Usage

```
siblings_TAG(Tagstring = "EFO:1001209", ontology, justSibs = TRUE)

label_TAG(Tagstring = "EFO:0000311", ontology)

children_TAG(Tagstring = "EFO:1001209", ontology)
```

Arguments

Tagstring   a character(1) that identifies a term

ontology   instance of ontology_index (S3) from ontologyIndex

justSibs   character(1)

Value

TermSet instance

character(1)

TermSet instance

Note

for `label_TAG`, `Tagstring` may be a vector

Examples

```
efoOnto = getEFOOnto()
siblings_TAG( "EFO:1001209", efoOnto )
efoOnto = getEFOOnto()
label_TAG( "EFO:0000311", efoOnto )
efoOnto = getEFOOnto()
children_TAG( ontology = efoOnto )
```

---

stopWords *stopWords: vector of stop words from xpo6.com*

Description

stopWords: vector of stop words from xpo6.com

Usage

```
stopWords
```

Format

character vector

Note

"Stop words" are english words that are assumed to contribute limited semantic value in the analysis of free text.

Source

<http://xpo6.com/list-of-english-stop-words/>

Examples

```
data(stopWords)
head(stopWords)
```

---

subset_descendants *subset a SummarizedExperiment to which ontology tags have been bound using 'bind_formal_tags', obtaining the 'descendants' of the class of interest*

Description

subset a SummarizedExperiment to which ontology tags have been bound using 'bind_formal_tags', obtaining the 'descendants' of the class of interest

Usage

```
subset_descendants(
  se,
  onto,
  class_name,
  class_tag,
  formal_cd_name = "label.ont"
)
```

Arguments

se	SummarizedExperiment instance
onto	representation of an ontology using representation from ontologyIndex package
class_name	character(1) if 'class_tag' is missing, this will be grepped in onto[["name"]] to find class and its descendants
class_tag	character(1) used if given to identify "ontological descendants" of this term in se
formal_cd_name	character(1) tells name used for ontology tag column in 'colData(se)'

Value

instance of SummarizedExperiment

---

sym2CellOnto	*use Cell Ontology and Protein Ontology to identify cell-type defining conditions in which a given gene is named*

Description

use Cell Ontology and Protein Ontology to identify cell-type defining conditions in which a given gene is named

Usage

```
sym2CellOnto(sym, cl, pr)
```

Arguments

sym	gene symbol, must be used in protein ontology as a PRO:DNx exact match token
cl	result of getCellOnto()
pr	result of getPROnto()

Value

DataFrame if any hits are found. A field 'cond' abbreviates the identified conditions: (has/lacks)PMP (plasma membrane part) (hi/lo)PMAmt (plasma membrane amount), (has/lacks)Part.

Note

Currently just checks for *plasma_membrane_part, *plasma_membrane_amount, and *Part conditions.

Examples

```
if (!exists("cl")) cl = getCellOnto()
if (!exists("pr")) pr = getPROnto()
sym2CellOnto("ITGAM", cl, pr)
sym2CellOnto("FOXP3", cl, pr)
```

TermSet-class   *manage ontological data with tags and a DataFrame instance*

Description

manage ontological data with tags and a DataFrame instance

abbreviated display for TermSet instances

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TermSet'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object   instance of TermSet class

Value

instance of TermSet

Examples

```
efoOnto = getEFOOnto()
defsibs = siblings_TAG("EFO:1001209", efoOnto)
class(defsibs)
defsibs
```

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