

# Package ‘TNBC.CMS’

April 12, 2022

**Type** Package

**Date** 2020-03-27

**Title** TNBC.CMS: Prediction of TNBC Consensus Molecular Subtypes

**Version** 1.10.0

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**Description** This package implements a machine learning-based classifier for the assignment of consensus molecular subtypes to TNBC samples. It also provides functions to summarize genomic and clinical characteristics.

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**biocViews** Classification, Clustering, GeneExpression, GenePrediction, SupportVectorMachine

**RoxygenNote** 6.1.1

**Depends** R (>= 3.6.0), e1071, quadprog, SummarizedExperiment

**Imports** GSVA (>= 1.26.0), pheatmap, grDevices, RColorBrewer, pracma, GGally, R.utils, forestplot, ggplot2, ggpubr, survival, grid, stats, methods

**Suggests** knitr

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**git\_url** <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/TNBC.CMS>

**git\_branch** RELEASE\_3\_14

**git\_last\_commit** dd4cd1f

**git\_last\_commit\_date** 2021-10-26

**Date/Publication** 2022-04-12

## R topics documented:

computeDS . . . . .	2
computeGES . . . . .	3
GSE25055 . . . . .	4
performGSVA . . . . .	5
plotHR . . . . .	6
plotKM . . . . .	7
predictCMS . . . . .	8
<b>Index</b>	<b>9</b>

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computeDS	<i>Computation of drug signature scores.</i>
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### Description

Computes drug signature scores. Also draws heatmap representing the average signature scores for each subtype.

### Usage

```
computeDS(expr, pred, gene.set = NULL)
```

### Arguments

expr	A SummarizedExperiment object or a matrix containig gene expression profiles. If input is a SummarizedExperiment, the first element in the assays list should be a matrix of gene expression. Rows and columns of the gene expression matrix correspond to genes and samples, respectively (rownames must be to gene symbols).
pred	A vector of predicted consensus molecular subtypes.
gene.set	A user-provided list of gene sets associated with drug response. Names of gene sets must follow the format of [DRUG NAME]_[RESISTANCE/RESPONSE]_[UP/DN] (e.g. CISPLATIN_RESISTANCE_DN).

### Details

Drug signature scores are the average of expression values of genes included in gene sets from MSigDB.

### Value

A matrix of drug signature scores.

### References

Liberzon, A. et al. (2011). Molecular signatures database (MSigDB) 3.0. *Bioinformatics*, 27, 1739-40.

## Examples

```
# Load gene expression profiles of TNBC samples
data(GSE25055)

# Predict consensus molecular subtypes of TNBC samples
prediction <- predictCMS(expr = GSE25055)

# Compute drug signature scores
resultDS <- computeDS(expr = GSE25055, pred = prediction)
```

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computeGES

*Computation of gene expression signature scores.*

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## Description

Computes gene expression signature scores. Also draws boxplots representing the average signature scores for each subtype.

## Usage

```
computeGES(expr, pred, rnaseq = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

expr	A SummarizedExperiment object or a matrix containig gene expression profiles. If input is a SummarizedExperiment, the first element in the assays list should be a matrix of gene expression. Rows and columns of the gene expression matrix correspond to genes and samples, respectively (rownames must be to gene symbols).
pred	A vector of predicted consensus molecular subtypes.
rnaseq	logical to determine if input data is RNA-Seq gene expression profile. By default, it is FALSE.

## Details

computeGES calculates the following 7 gene expression signature scores:

- EMT (epithelial-mesenchymal transition): average of expression values of genes included in the EMT signature published by *Tan et al. (2014)*.
- Stromal: stromal score representing the presence of stromal cells in tumor tissues (computed using the ESTIMATE algorithm).
- Immune: immune score representing the presence of immune cells in tumor tissues (computed using the ESTIMATE algorithm).
- Microenvironment: microenvironment score representing the sum of all immune and stromal cell types (computed using xCell)
- Stemness: stemness index computed using the method developed by *Malta et al. (2018)*.

- Hormone: average of expression values of AR, ERBB2, ESR1, and PGR.
- CIN (chromosomal instability): average of expression values of genes included in the CIN70 signature published by *Carter et al. (2006)*.

### Value

A matrix of gene expression signature scores.

### References

Aran, D. et al. (2017). xCell: digitally portraying the tissue cellular heterogeneity landscape. *Genome biology*, 18, 220.

Carter, S.L. et al. (2006). A signature of chromosomal instability inferred from gene expression profiles predicts clinical outcome in multiple human cancers. *Nature genetics*, 38, 1043.

Malta, T.M. et al. (2018). Machine learning identifies stemness features associated with oncogenic dedifferentiation. *Cell*, 173, 338-354.

Tan, T.Z. et al. (2014). Epithelial-mesenchymal transition spectrum quantification and its efficacy in deciphering survival and drug responses of cancer patients. *EMBO molecular medicine*, 6, 1279-93.

Yoshihara, K. et al. (2013). Inferring tumour purity and stromal and immune cell admixture from expression data. *Nature communications*, 4, 2612.

### Examples

```
# Load gene expression profiles of TNBC samples
data(GSE25055)

# Predict consensus molecular subtypes of TNBC samples
prediction <- predictCMS(expr = GSE25055)

# Compute gene expression signature scores
resultGES <- computeGES(expr = GSE25055, pred = prediction, rnaseq = FALSE)
```

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GSE25055

*Example TNBC microarray data*

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### Description

This is a TNBC microarray dataset from GSE25055 contained in a SummarizedExperiment object. It includes gene expression profiles and clinical information which can be accessed by the `assays` and `colData` functions, respectively. We obtained gene expression profiles of breast cancer samples from the `curatedBreastData` package and extracted TNBC samples based on the expression profiles and immunohistochemistry results.

### Source

<https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/data/experiment/html/curatedBreastData.html>

## References

Hatzis, C. et al. (2011). A genomic predictor of response and survival following taxane-anthracycline chemotherapy for invasive breast cancer *JAMA*, 305, 1873-81.

## Examples

```
data(GSE25055)

#Access gene expression profiles
head(assays(GSE25055)[[1]])

#Access clinical information
head(colData(GSE25055))
```

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performGSVA	<i>Gene set variation analysis</i>
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## Description

Performs GSVA on gene sets. Also draws a heatmap representing GSVA scores.

## Usage

```
performGSVA(expr, pred, gene.set = NULL, gsva.kcdf = "Gaussian")
```

## Arguments

expr	A SummarizedExperiment object or a matrix containig gene expression profiles. If input is a SummarizedExperiment, the first element in the assays list should be a matrix of gene expression. Rows and columns of the gene expression matrix correspond to genes and samples, respectively (rownames must be to gene symbols).
pred	A vector of predicted consensus molecular subtypes.
gene.set	Gene sets provided as a list. If NULL, the hallmark pathway gene sets are used.
gsva.kcdf	Kernel to be used in the estimation of the cumulative distribution function. By default, this is set to "Gaussian" which is suitable for continuous expression values. If expression values are counts, "Poisson" is recommended.

## Details

This is a wrapper function of the `gsva` function in the `GSVA` package to compute GSVA enrichment scores per sample and produce a heatmap comparing them across consensus molecular subtypes.

## Value

A matrix of GSVA enrichment scores.

## References

Liberzon, A. et al. (2015). The molecular signatures database hallmark gene set collection. *Cell systems*, 1, 417-425.

## Examples

```
# Load gene expression profiles of TNBC samples
data(GSE25055)

# Predict consensus molecular subtypes of TNBC samples
prediction <- predictCMS(expr = GSE25055)

# Perform GSVA on the hallmark pathway gene sets
resultGSVA <- performGSVA(expr = GSE25055, pred = prediction)
```

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plotHR

*Forest plot of hazard ratios*

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## Description

Produces a forest plot of hazard ratios for each gene. Also draws a forest plot of subtype-specific hazard ratios.

## Usage

```
plotHR(expr, gene.symbol, pred, time, event, by.subtype = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

expr	A SummarizedExperiment object or a matrix containig gene expression profiles. If input is a SummarizedExperiment, the first element in the assays list should be a matrix of gene expression. Rows and columns of the gene expression matrix correspond to genes and samples, respectively (rownames must be to gene symbols).
gene.symbol	A vector of gene symbols for which hazard ratios are computed.
pred	A vector of predicted consensus molecular subtypes.
time	A vector of the follow-up time.
event	A vector representing survival status (0 = alive, 1 = dead).
by.subtype	A logical to determine if subtype-specific hazard ratios are computed (default is TRUE).

## Value

A forest plot of hazard ratios.

**Examples**

```
# Load gene expression profiles and clinical information of TNBC samples
data(GSE25055)
DFS.status <- colData(GSE25055)$DFS.status
DFS.month <- colData(GSE25055)$DFS.month

# Predict consensus molecular subtypes of TNBC samples
prediction <- predictCMS(expr = GSE25055)

# Forest plot of hazard ratios for input genes
plotHR(expr = GSE25055, gene.symbol = c("RECK", "RELN", "EHD4", "PRRX2"),
        pred = prediction, time = DFS.month, event = DFS.status,
        by.subtype = FALSE)

# Subtype-specific forest plot of hazard ratios for input genes
plotHR(expr = GSE25055, gene.symbol = c("RECK", "RELN", "EHD4", "PRRX2"),
        pred = prediction, time = DFS.month, event = DFS.status,
        by.subtype = TRUE)
```

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plotKM

*Subtype-specific survival curves*

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**Description**

Produces Kaplan-Meier survival curves for each subtype.

**Usage**

```
plotKM(pred, time, event)
```

**Arguments**

pred	A vector of predicted consensus molecular subtypes.
time	A vector of the follow-up time.
event	A vector representing survival status (0 = alive, 1 = dead).

**Value**

A ggplot object.

**Examples**

```
# Load clinical information of TNBC samples
data(GSE25055)
DFS.status <- colData(GSE25055)$DFS.status
DFS.month <- colData(GSE25055)$DFS.month

# Predict consensus molecular subtypes of TNBC samples
```

```
prediction <- predictCMS(expr = GSE25055)

# Plot Kaplan-Meier curves for each subtype
plotKM(pred = prediction, time = DFS.month, event = DFS.status)
```

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predictCMS	<i>TNBC consensus molecular subtype prediction</i>
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### Description

Predicts the TNBC consensus molecular subtype of TNBC samples.

### Usage

```
predictCMS(expr)
```

### Arguments

expr	A SummarizedExperiment object or a matrix containig gene expression profiles. If input is a SummarizedExperiment, the first element in the assays list should be a matrix of gene expression. Rows and columns of the gene expression matrix correspond to genes and samples, respectively (rownames must be to gene symbols).
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### Value

A vector of assigned subtypes.

### Examples

```
# Load gene expression profiles of TNBC samples
data(GSE25055)

# Predict consensus molecular subtypes of TNBC samples
prediction <- predictCMS(expr = GSE25055)
table(prediction)
```



# Index

## \* datasets

GSE25055, [4](#)

computeDS, [2](#)

computeGES, [3](#)

GSE25055, [4](#)

performGSVA, [5](#)

plotHR, [6](#)

plotKM, [7](#)

predictCMS, [8](#)